Lygus bug identification tips:

<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	1
Nymph	Immature lygus can be recognized
	by the presence of wing pads. Pads
	will vary in size by instar. Early
	instar nymphs can be mistaken for
	aphids, but lygus lack cornicles on
	the abdomen. They are very mobile,
	much more than aphids. The first
	three instars are generally greenish,
	fourth and fifth have darker
	markings.
	S



Adult

Adult Lygus are about 5 mm (.025") in length and about half as wide. Antennae are long and slender, consisting of 4 segments. Color varies with age, with newly molted bugs being green and older bugs brownish There is a distinct scutellum, a triangular light colored area behind the head. Adult lygus are winged although the wings remain folded over the abdomen when not in use.





Insects that may be confused with Lygus:

Calocoris*

Identification tip: Adult *Calocoris* can be distinguished from lygus bugs by the presence of dark wing tips. Calocoris nymphs have fine black hairs on the body. Both nymphs and adults of Calocoris are longer and narrower than lygus.

*There is only one record of Calocoris in ARCTOS – if you think you have one please include it in the specimens headed to the Museum



adult Calocoris nymph



Bigeyed bug

Identification tip: Bigeyed bug adults and nymphs are oval, somewhat flattened, about 1/4 inch (4 mm) long, usually brownish or yellowish, and have a wide head with prominent bulging eyes.



Bigeyed bug adult

Birch shield bug

Identification tip: Overall, longer and wider than lygus bugs. Pointed broad "shoulders", overall shield shape



Birch shield bug adult